the following rewritten paragraph:

--(2) Administration of anti-mouse Fas ligand antibody FLIM58

The rats were administered with 10 mg/kg of anti-mouse Fas ligand antibody FLIM58 7 days after myelin basic protein (day 7) i.v. via their tail vein. The control group was administered with equal dose of IgG purified from normal hamster  $\gamma$ -globulin. Each group consisted of 5 rats.--

## IN THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel claims 8 and 9, without prejudice or disclaimer of the subject matter contained therein.

Please replace claims 1-7 with the following amended claims.

1. (Amended) A method for treating and preventing autoimmune demyelinating diseases which comprises administering to a patent in need thereof an effective amount of an apoptosis-suppressing substance.

2. (Amended) The method according to claim 1 wherein said apoptosis-suppressing substance is a Fas antagonist.

3. (Amended) The method according to claim 2 wherein said apoptosis-suppressing substance is a substance which suppresses Fas-Fas ligand binding.

B6

- 4. (Twice Amended) The method according to claim 1 wherein said apoptosis-suppressing substance is a polypeptide of (a) or (b) as follows:
- (a) a polypeptide which comprises an amino acid sequence of a Fas protein that has been arbitrarily mutated at one or more amino acid residues by substitution, deletion and/or addition, and which has an activity of inhibiting Fas-mediated apoptosis; or
- (b) a fusion polypeptide comprising (a) and another polypeptide except (a).
- 5. (Twice Amended) The method according to claim 1 wherein said apoptosis-suppressing substance is an anti-Fas ligand antibody.
- 6. (Twice Amended) The method according to claim 1 wherein said autoimmune demyelinating disease is a disease associated with demyelination in central nervous system.
- 7. (Twice Amended) The method according to claim 1 wherein said autoimmune demyelinating disease is at least one member selected from acute disseminated encephalomyelitis and multiple sclerosis.